

BRIEF NEWS NOTES FOR THE BUSY MAN

MOST IMPORTANT EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK TOLD IN CONDENSED FORM.

ROUND ABOUT THE WORLD

Complete Review of Happenings of Greatest Interest from All Parts of the Globe—Latest Home and Foreign Items.

After waiting for nearly 12 hours for the jury in the Thaw case to report, Justice Dowling ordered the doors of the jury room locked for the night. It was the general opinion that the jury would not agree on a verdict.

President Roosevelt transmitted to congress what is considered the "warmest" and best message he has written since he entered the White House. It urged re-enactment of an employers' liability law, dealt with the abuse of the injunction in labor cases, asked for laws to secure better federal control of corporations engaged in interstate commerce, scored the high officials of the Santa Fe and the Standard Oil company in connection with rebating, flayed the great law-breaking corporations that have been attacking the administration and vigorously repelled the charges that the policies of the president have been the cause of business depression.

Republicans and Democrats alike in the house of representatives wildly cheered President Roosevelt's message. W. J. Bryan in an interview praised it highly, and Chancellor Day of Syracuse university denounced it as rant, slander and vituperation.

The American battleship fleet entered the Strait of Magellan and anchored for the night in Possession bay. Six persons were killed outright by a cyclone which laid waste a strip of farming country three-quarters of a mile wide and several miles long just north of Weason, Miss.

Intense cold and heavy snowfall were reported from many points in the northwest.

J. S. Kiehle, a student from Minneapolis, lost his life in a fire that destroyed the Alpha Tau Omega fraternity house at Cornell university, Ithaca, N. Y.

The Hamilton Tourist hotel at White Springs, Fla., was burned, with several cottages. Guests barely escaped with their lives. The loss is \$100,000.

James and Charles Lipsy, brothers, of Raymond, Ill., committed suicide with the same revolver.

A credit of \$5,000,000 was received from New York by the Hungarian Discount and Exchange bank at Buda Pest, for the account of the Count and Countess Laszlo Szechenyi.

Speaker John N. Cole of the Massachusetts house of representatives was indicted by the Essex county grand jury on a charge of violating the public statutes in requesting a reduced rate of fare on the Boston & Maine railroad for a large number of students.

While walking on the thin ice which had formed in the Hudson off Nyack, N. Y., Evans Steele, aged 21; Hans Kraft, 12, and Harold Dixon, 11, broke through and were drowned.

Dr. Andrew W. Riley, professor of practice of medicine of Creighton Medical college, Omaha, Neb., died of blood poisoning caused by infection received from an erysipelas patient.

The Rock Island railroad station at Topeka, Kan., was destroyed by fire.

Fire in Bluefield, W. Va., destroyed eight business houses, the railroad Y. M. C. A. building and three residences.

At Beaver Falls, Pa., Vella Mylie, aged 17, daughter of Rev. and Mrs. R. C. Mylie of Wilkesburg, Pa., and Robert Patterson, aged 22, of New Alexandria, Pa., students at Geneva college, were drowned while skating.

Gov. Charles E. Hughes, whose nomination for the presidency by the Republican national convention in Chicago next June is being urged by the New York county committee and other Republican county committees in New York state, made open declaration of his views of national issues and principles.

It was announced that steamboat passenger rates on the upper lakes will be advanced this year.

The Oriental bank of New York, capitalized for \$750,000, closed its doors after a run.

Five men were injured, three of them seriously, by an explosion in the shrapnel department at the United States arsenal in Philadelphia.

The Michigan constitutional convention rejected the public utilities commission plan.

United States Lighthouse Inspector Olin N. Wezel of Chicago was killed by a switch engine while he was walking on the railroad tracks at Muskegon, Mich.

An old Roman coin has been dug up at Springfield, Mass., which is discovered to be worth \$1,500.

John C. Hubinger, formerly one of the richest men in Iowa and inventor of elastic starch and founder of the largest independent starch works, died of pneumonia in Keokuk, Ia.

Dr. Gustav E. Karsten, head of the department of modern languages and professor of German at the University of Illinois, died at his home in Urbana.

Gen. Charles H. Howard, brother of Maj. Gen. O. O. Howard, U. S. A., died in his home at Glencoe, a suburb of Chicago.

A. L. Sloss, cashier of the First National bank of Appleton, Wis., committed suicide by blowing out his brains with a shotgun.

A cyclone swept through the north-eastern portion of Etowah county, Alabama, and while no lives were lost, much damage was done to property.

Edward Cromwell, for many years prominent in business and philanthropy, died in Denver, aged 87 years. Cromwell was killed and five injured in Los Angeles, Cal., when a train struck a street car.

Rescued from their vessel after she had become disabled in midocean, carried to Genoa and thence to London, Capt. Kelly and the five members of the crew of the brigantine Aquila arrived at Halifax, N. S., on the Allan line steamer Sardinian.

That no necessity exists for a reduction in the prices of iron and steel and that none will be made was by general understanding arrived at by representative manufacturers of pig iron, iron and steel at a meeting held in New York.

Dr. Leander Starr Jameson, premier and secretary for native affairs of Cape Colony, has resigned. He assumed these offices in February, 1904.

Fire wiped out the village of Twin Lakes, Minn., over 200 persons being made homeless.

After a struggle of five hours against cold and a turbulent sea, the life savers of the Coslata station, near Nantucket, rescued the crew of the Newport brigantine Frederica Schupp, which was wrecked on the north side of Coate beach.

The flag of the American manufacturer Chesapeake and the "Balacava bugle," two of the most valuable war relics of a collection of antiquities that belonged to the late T. G. Middlebrook, were secured at the auction sale of the collection in London for American buyers.

A proposal for state-wide liquor prohibition was rejected in the Michigan constitutional convention by a vote of 55 to 39.

In a dispute over a horse, Philip Kastner, aged 62, shot and fatally wounded his son George, aged 32, at Jasper, Ind.

The office of the superintendent of poor at West Seneca, N. Y., was besieged by 500 men begging for food. Four men were taken to the county hospital suffering from starvation.

The lower house of the Oklahoma legislature passed a measure prohibiting the smoking of cigarettes in the state.

William S. Wood of the firm of Lloyd & Wood, one of the best-known lawyers on the Pacific coast, died at his home in San Francisco.

Nine miners were killed by an explosion in the New River colliery near Hawk's Nest, W. Va.

Because he was angry with his wife, William Meusch of Chicago killed one of his children and fatally shot the two others.

Col. Burr Robbins, the old-time circus man, died in Chicago.

King's court, one of the show places of Lakewood, N. J., a residence built some years ago by George Gould for his son, Kingdon, was destroyed by fire. The building was valued at \$500,000.

Liquidation of the State National bank of New Orleans was decided upon by a vote of the stockholders. This bank is nearly 100 years old.

The superior court at Paris refused to grant an absolute divorce to Maud Gonne from her husband, Maj. McBride.

The schooner Helen E. Taft of Thomaston, Me., was run down and sunk by an unknown steamer 16 miles southwest of Cape Lookout lightship off the coast of North Carolina.

Pearl Harper was acquitted at Cadillac, Mich., on the charge of murdering her stepfather.

Arthur W. Fergusson, secretary of the Philippine commission, died suddenly of heart disease in Manila.

The Diamond Window Glass factory at Gas City, Ind., was destroyed by fire, resulting in a loss estimated at \$100,000.

The American torpedo boat flotilla sailed from Buenos Ayres for Punta Arenas.

Dr. J. C. Brigham perished in a fire that destroyed eight stores and residences in Girard, Ga.

E. G. Anderson, alderman, coal dealer and prominent citizen of Aberdeen, S. D., was arrested charged with being a receiver of stolen coal.

Two financial institutions of New York city, one a national and the other a state bank, closed their doors. The New Amsterdam National bank, capital \$1,000,000, was taken in charge by the representative of the comptroller of the currency, and the Mechanics' and Traders' bank, a state institution, capital \$2,000,000, announced the decision of the directors not to open. Both banks announced their ability to pay all depositors.

The \$100,000 estate of Capt. Hooker of Rochester, N. Y., who left a will bequeathing his property to Galesburg, Ill., will be distributed, the surrogate having denied probate to the will on the ground that Capt. Hooker was mentally incompetent.

Peter F. Clark of Girard, Ill., pleaded guilty to the charge of murdering Mrs. Olive Gibson on a trolley car near Virden March 25, 1907, and was sentenced to serve 40 years in the penitentiary.

In Lublin, Russian Poland, the police unearthed a band of robbers composed entirely of women and the leaders have been taken into custody.

The Coburn warehouses in Indianapolis were burned, the loss being \$500,000.

Francois Marie Benjamin Richard, cardinal and archbishop of Paris, died of congestion of the lungs after a short illness. He was born in 1819.

George Barlow, 32 years old, was killed and two others probably fatally hurt when an Iowa & Illinois train struck their buggy at Princeton, Ia.

Heavy winds and a great rainfall have done much damage to the Porto Rican roads and to the new railroad to Caguas. The tobacco crop was badly damaged.

Robert S. Hewey was appointed receiver for the Montana Grand Lodge of Ancient Order of United Workmen.

The Crocker heirs gave a block on Nob Hill, San Francisco, as a site for an Episcopal cathedral.

An address to congress, remonstrating against a further increase in the navy, was adopted by the board of directors of the American Peace society at a meeting held in Boston.

Because a portion of his congregation objected to his breeding dogs, Rev. L. Moore Smith, pastor of the Scotch Plains (N. J.) Baptist church, resigned his charge.

It is estimated that the steel plant to be built at Hankow, China, by Chinese capitalists will cost \$6,000,000.

Gov. Hughes was strongly endorsed for the Republican nomination for the presidency and the administration of President Roosevelt was commended in a resolution unanimously adopted by the Republican committee of New York county.

Marshall Halstead, former United States consul at Birmingham, England, and son of Murat Halstead, died in Cincinnati following an operation for appendicitis.

Gen. Benjamin Rush Cowen, for over 23 years clerk of the United States circuit and district courts for the southern district of Ohio, assistant secretary of the interior under President Grant and formerly editor of the Ohio State Journal, died in Cincinnati.

The Illinois house passed the direct primary bill already adopted by the senate.

The coroner's jury in the case of the theater holocaust at Boyertown, Pa., asked for the prosecution of Mrs. Monroe, owner of the stereopticon machine, and Harry McC. Bechtel, the deputy factory inspector, on the charge of criminal negligence.

Practically complete election returns gave J. Y. Sanders a lead of between 14,000 and 15,000 votes over T. S. Wilkerson in the Democratic gubernatorial primary in Louisiana.

Charles H. Kipp of the wholesale grocery firm of Kerr, Kipp & Co., of Hastings, Neb., committed suicide, as the result of overwork and worry, by shooting himself in the head with a shotgun.

That this nation has reached the point where it must decide whether it is to lose the use of the rivers in the east and south through the non-preservation of forests which safeguard the watersheds was the declaration of Secretary of Agriculture Wilson, president of the American Forestry association, which convened in Washington.

Night riders burned two large tobacco barns near Adairville, Ky.

Two negroes who robbed and killed their father near Commerce, Miss., were lynched by a mob of colored men.

Judge F. M. Powers at Denison, Ia., sentenced Joseph and Solomon Harsan to a term of 25 years each in the penitentiary for the murder of their cousin, Fred Nawal, last January.

Bert Swan, a wealthy farmer near Missouri Valley, Ia., committed suicide by cutting his throat with a razor.

Two masked men robbed the office of the Adams Express company at Mansfield, O., of \$3,000, but missed a bag containing \$40,000 in gold.

The jury in the Schooley-Crawford will contest at Scranton, Pa., declared the paper presented by George E. Schooley as the last will of James L. Crawford, the millionaire coal operator, to be a forgery.

Nolan J. Whitehead, at a religious revival in Minneapolis, confessed to a long series of crimes.

Mistaking his father-in-law, William Conner, for a burglar, A. C. Burr shot and instantly killed him at Dallas, Tex.

Several persons were fatally shot in political riots on the streets of Lisbon.

Rev. John W. Venshal, for many years pastor of Grace Episcopal church at Hopkinsville, Ky., and for the past 40 years sovereign grand chaplain of the Odd Fellows in the United States, died.

Fire in Newton, Kan., destroyed half a dozen stores, the loss being \$150,000.

During the last quarter of 1907 the net earnings of the United States Steel corporation were \$2,553,995.

It seems likely that prosecutions may follow the coroner's inquest into the Rhoades opera house disaster at Boyertown, Pa., which cost 169 lives. In the testimony there were strong hints of graft as well as admissions of gross negligence.

Fire in the heart of Chicago's downtown district did about \$1,700,000, the heaviest losers being Alfred Peats & Co., wall paper; Edson Keith & Co., wholesale millinery, and John A. Colby & Son, furniture.

John L. Dickson, president of the First National bank of Pulda, Minn., was struck by a passenger train and instantly killed.

Brig. Gen. Medorem Crawford, who was recently promoted from colonel of the Coast Artillery corps, was placed on the retired list on account of age.

Flames destroyed a part of Nelson Morris & Co.'s packing plant in Kansas City, half a million dollars' damage being done.

The Order of the Legion of Honor has been conferred upon Eugene Meyer, a New York banker.

Four cars of a fast New Orleans & Northeastern passenger train toppled off a low trestle near Hattiesburg, Miss., and rolled down an embankment without killing or fatally injuring a person.

A colored family of seven persons burned to death at Bedford City, Va.

Capt. William Rohde of the German steamship Neidentfels, just in from the Orient, asserts that the natives of India are busy preparing to shake off the British yoke.

The Parisian laundry building in Detroit was gutted by fire, the loss being estimated at over \$200,000.

Gen. John Coburn, lawyer and former congressman, died suddenly in Indianapolis from an attack of heart failure. His age was 83.

The wedding of Miss Gladys Moore Vanderbilt, daughter of Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, to Count Laszlo Szechenyi, member of the Hungarian nobility, lieutenant of Hussars and hereditary member of the Austro-Hungarian parliament, took place at the Fifth avenue home of the bride's mother in New York.

President Ira Remsen, of the Johns Hopkins university, has been asked by President Roosevelt to head the board of scientists who are to form a consulting committee on the enforcement of the pure food and drug law.

John A. Lovely, former associate justice of the Minnesota supreme court, died at the age of 64 in Albert Lea.

The board of managers of the Illinois state reformatory at Pontiac met, at the request of Superintendent Maloney, to investigate the death of William Hamlin, an inmate of the institution.

THE KING MURDERED

PORTUGUESE MONARCH AND CROWN PRINCE ASSASSINATED.

SHOT TO DEATH IN CARRIAGE

A Band of Desperate Men, Two of Whom Were Killed, Fire Volleys From Carriages.

Lisbon—King Carlos of Portugal and the crown prince, Luiz Phillippe, were assassinated and the city is in a state of uproar. The king's second son, the Infant Manuel, was slightly wounded, but Queen Amelie, who strove to save the crown prince's life by throwing herself upon him, was unhurt.

A band of men waiting at the corner of the Praco de Commercio and the Rua de Arsenal, suddenly sprang toward the open carriage in which the royal family was driving to the palace, and leveling carbines which they had concealed upon them, fired. The king and crown prince, upon whom the attack was directed, were each shot three times and they lived only long enough to be carried to the Marine arsenal nearby, where they expired.

Almost at the first shot, the king fell back on the cushions dying, and, at the same moment, the crown prince was seen to half rise and then sink back on the seat. Queen Amelie jumped up and threw herself toward the crown prince, in an apparent effort to save his life at the cost of her own, but the prince already had received his death wound. The police guard fired upon the assassins and killed three of them.

The royal family were returning from Villa Vicosa, where they had been sojourning, and were on their way from the railroad station to the palace. A strong guard was in attendance, because of the recent uprising in the city and the discovery of a plot to assassinate Premier Franco and overthrow the monarchy. But the band of murderers had selected the most advantageous spot for the commission of their crime, for they were concealed from the eyes of the police until the carriage had wheeled into the Praco de Commercio, a large square.

THAW IN ASYLUM NOW.

Jury Finds White's Slayer Not Guilty on Ground of Insanity.

New York—Adjudged not guilty of the murder of Stanford White by reason of insanity at the time the fatal shots were fired, Harry Kendall Thaw on Saturday was held by the court to be a dangerous lunatic and was whirled away to the state hospital for the criminal insane at Matteawan. It was a quick transition from the dingy little cell in the Tombs, which had been the young man's home for more than eighteen months, to the white-bedded wards of the big asylum tucked away on the snow-covered sloping banks of the Hudson river fifty miles above the city. The verdict came after twenty-five hours of waiting, when everyone connected with the case had abandoned every hope of an agreement ever being reached in this or any other trial.

Thirty Men in the Plot.

Madrid—According to news received here the assassinations of King Carlos and the crown prince were executed under the republican Ferreira, and the intention was to assassinate the whole Portuguese family. Premier Franco had an intimation of these intentions, and fearing that the police would be unable to give the royal family adequate protection at Villa Vicosa, had had them return to Lisbon, taking many precautionary measures for their safe journey along the route.

Pollard Dines Congressman.

Washington—Representative Pollard of the First Nebraska district gave a dinner to the Nebraska delegation in congress, including Senators Burkett and Brown, and about twenty others. Among the other guests were Speaker Cannon, Representatives Overstreet, M. Ann, Fondney, Smith of Council Bluffs, Scott of Kansas, Townsend and Ellis of Missouri, McKinley of Illinois, Dalzell, Charles B. Landis, Davidson, Gardner, Rodeburg, Currier, Wilson, Dawson and Cole, Auditor Andrews of the treasury.

London Awaiting News.

London—Official announcement of the tragedy at Lisbon was received at the Portuguese legation. The details of the tragedy differed but little from those given in the newspaper cables previously received here. Three of the regicides were killed and three others captured.

Chileans Will Visit Ships.

Valparaiso, Chile—A steamer has been chartered here to take 300 passengers out into the Pacific ocean to greet the American battleship fleet when it arrives off the Chilean coast here.

Official Visits Exchanged.

Punta Arenas—The officers and men of the American fleet, now that the warships are safely riding at anchor, are beginning to enjoy hospitality ashore. Official visits have been exchanged and Sunday guns were booming all day.

Republic is Proclaimed.

Madrid—El Mundo publishes a statement that a republic has been proclaimed in Oporto, Portugal, but no confirmation of this can be obtained.

Kaiser Sends Condolence.

Berlin—News of the assassination of the king of Portugal and the crown prince was telephoned to the imperial palace by a semi-official news agency. The king was greatly distressed.

Dr. Landrith is Stricken.

St. Louis—While enroute here from Nashville, Tenn., Rev. Ira Landrith, D. D., general secretary of the Presbyterian Brotherhood of America, was suddenly stricken with appendicitis and immediately upon arrival was taken to the Southern hotel and attended by Dr. L. H. Behrens.

Effects of the Trade.

"A shoemaker is a poor sort of creature." "Why so?" "Because he is by trade a healer, and there is not a time when he is not willing to sell his soul."

"But you must admit he has one virtue." "What is it?" "He will stick to the last."

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one remedy which has been tried by thousands and that it is Carruth's Catarrh Cure. Carruth's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known for the various Catarrhs. Carruth's Catarrh Cure is a scientific preparation, requires a continuing treatment. Carruth's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and restoring nature to its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for Free Trial.

Address: J. C. BERRY & CO., Toledo, O. Carruth's Family Pills for constipation. Carruth's Family Pills for constipation.

Chickens in the Snowball.

Several boys at Tusten, Sullivan county, started a ball of snow rolling down a hill, and it went flying through Farmer Schneider's chicken coop.

The big ball gathered up nine of Schneider's fat hens. With the poultry packed into the ball, legs and heads of chickens sticking out of the mass, it rolled farther and brought up in the barnyard of the next farmer, on the opposite side of the Tusten turnpike, where the pigs ate five of the chickens—Port Jervis dispatch to the N. Y. World.

She Was in No Hurry.

Rev. Dr. Wallace, new pastor of the East End Baptist church, brought a new one to Cleveland with him.

According to the story, a Boston girl got on the street car one day carrying one of those muffs the size of an ordinary hassock. She had only one hand in the muff. A young man sitting next to her took advantage of the opportunity to slip his hand into the concealed end of the muff.

The Boston girl turned upon him severely. "I could have you arrested for such a familiarity," said she. "But," she added, "I'm from Boston and I purpose to keep calm. Now, I'll just give you ten minutes to let go of my hand."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A Remedy for Neuralgia or Pain in the Nerves.

For neuralgia and sciatica Sloan's Liniment has no equal. It has a powerfully sedative effect on the nerves—penetrates without rubbing and gives immediate relief from pain—quickness the circulation of the blood and gives a pleasant sensation of comfort and warmth.

"For three years I suffered with neuralgia in the head and jaws," writes J. P. Hubbard, of Marietta, S. C., "and had almost decided to have three of my teeth pulled, when a friend recommended me to buy a 25 cent bottle of Sloan's Liniment. I did so and experienced immediate relief, and I kept on using it until the neuralgia was entirely cured. I will never be without a bottle of Sloan's Liniment for insect bites and sore throat, and I can cheerfully recommend it to any one who suffers from any of the ills I have mentioned."

AFTER THE QUARREL.

She—I wouldn't cry for the best man living, so there!

He—You don't have to cry for him, dear, you've got him.

OPENS GRAVE FOR A PICTURE.

Sorrowing Widow Had to Have Picture by Which to Remember Hubby.

To be exhumed after he had been buried for 20 days and told to sit up and "look pleasant" was the tough luck that befell a corpse out at Woodlawn cemetery, New York, the other day. Henry Brown, a train dispatcher on the One Hundred and Twenty-ninth street elevated road, died December 6 of rheumatic gout and was buried decently and in order. Some two weeks after the funeral it occurred to Mrs. Brown that she would like a photograph of her husband, having none that did him justice. Immediately she petitioned the Bronx health department for permission to exhume Henry and snapshot him. The health department was somewhat dashed, but granted the request, and so, with a photographer and an undertaker, Mrs. Brown went to Woodlawn and had the three weeks' corpse dug up. Brown was taken both profile and full face.

PANTRY CLEANED

A Way Some People Have.

A doctor said:—"Before marriage my wife observed in summer and country homes, coming in touch with families of varied means, culture, tastes and discriminating tendencies, that the families using Postum seemed to average better than those using coffee."

"When we were married two years ago, Postum was among our first order of groceries. We also put in some coffee and tea for guests, but after both had stood around the pantry about a year untouched, they were thrown away, and Postum used only."

"Up to the age of 28 I had been accustomed to drink coffee as a routine habit and suffered constantly from indigestion and all its relative disorders. Since using Postum all the old complaints have completely left me and I sometimes wonder if I ever had them."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read, "The Road to Well-Being," in pgs. "There's a Reason."

NEBRASKA POINTERS

STATE NEWS AND NOTES IN CONDENSED FORM.

THE PRESS, PULPIT AND PUBLIC

What is Going on Here and There That is of Interest to the Readers Throughout Nebraska.

A great religious revival is on at Dawson.

Fire in a livery stable at Exeter burned eleven horses.

The new high school building at Arlington is about completed.

Lincoln women are moving in the matter of state wide prohibition.

Evangelistic meetings are in progress at Table Rock, with much interest manifested.

The Rev. H. J. Bailey, lately of the Province of Quebec, has been appointed rector of Grace Episcopal church of Tecumseh.

Some Nebraska towns are holding meetings and discussing currency plans, reporting their deliberations to Washington.

A Washington dispatch says that Ross Hammond of Fremont will be appointed collector of internal revenue in Nebraska.

The Tecumseh Commercial club is making arrangements to properly celebrate the completion of new electric lighting plant.

Sneak thieves entered the Second Presbyterian church of Norfolk and stole 136 pennies that had been collected to purchase a picture.

In another column of this paper will be found a list of representative Nebraska business houses. When you write or call on them please mention this paper.

A daughter of I. V. Hudson of Nebraska City started to quicken a fire with coal oil and an explosion followed, blowing the range to pieces and burning the young lady about the face.

A disastrous runaway occurred at Broken Bow, when Mrs. Dr. Bartholomew, wife of a well known physician, and Miss Raymond of Lincoln were thrown from a buggy and seriously injured.

A horse buyer from the west was at Scotts Bluffs and bought two car loads of the best grade of horses. The first load was shipped to Denver. Prices ranged from \$100 to \$250 per head.

In county court at Chappell Robert Miller of Oshkosh, was bound over in the sum of \$1,000 to appear in district court in April for assaulting James Caslin, a hotel keeper at Oshkosh, Christmas night.

York county is receiving considerable from inheritance tax. County Judge Arthur Wray assessed and collected last week \$150.50 from the Gotlieb Hoefler estate. The value of the estate was \$34,000.